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The Democratic Banner

EDITED BY L. HARPER.

Let all the ends from which the banner is hoisted, be the banner of the people.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

TUESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 12, 1854.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

SHEPARD F. NORRIS,

OF CLERMONT COUNTY.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,

ALEXANDER P. MILLER,

OF BUTLER COUNTY.

GOOD FOR 60,000 MAJORITY!

REGULARLY NOMINATED

Knox County Democratic Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS,

WILLIAM DUNBAR,

PROBATE JUDGE,

SAMUEL F. GILBERT,

ATTORNEY.

DAVID GORSUCH,

CLERK OF THE COURT,

EMMETT W. COTTON,

RECORDER.

JAMES MYERS,

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,

JAMES G. CHAPMAN,

COMMISSIONER.

GEORGE M'WILLIAMS,

CORONER.

LEWIS B. TITTON,

DIRECTOR OF INFIRMARY,

TIMOTHY COLOPY.

Banner for the Campaign.

CIRCULATE THE TRUTH.

We will send the BANNER, in Clubs of Ten and upwards, from this until the election.

FOR 20 CENTS!

Friends, make up your Club, and send the names in immediately!

State Fair Postponed.

In consequence of the Cholera at Newark, the State Fair has been postponed until October and will take place on the 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th of that month.

THE WHIG TRIUMPH OVER THE FREESOIERS!

The Whigs are still crowding, like Chanticleer, at their late triumph over the Freesoiers in the nomination of a county ticket. The Whigs got all their men nominated without much difficulty, and in giving the petty little offices of Coroner and Poor House Director to the Freesoiers, they declare that that is a fair distribution of the honors, considering the strength of the Freesoiers! The argument used by the Whigs, to justify their monopoly of the offices, is this: they say that there is a prospect of carrying the best part of their ticket when it is composed of old line Whigs; as the Freesoiers will vote for Whigs, but it is impossible to get the Whigs to support the Freesoiers. This was the case when the Whigs slaughtered Joseph Vance and Esquire Cochran. It is well known that the ticket nominated by the Woodward Hall Convention was arranged, previously, by Jones and the Nortons, and by their Whig friends in Mr. Vernon and Fredericksburg. Gen. Jones boasted, long ago, as we are informed, that his friend Strong should be nominated for Sheriff, even if it cost him \$500. To make all their arrangements succeed, the Whigs determined to pack the Convention, and right well did they succeed.

In Norton's official report of the proceedings of the Norton and Jones Convention, we have abundant evidence to prove all we have said.

We quote from the speech of Esquire Cochran, as follows: In referring to the candidates for Probate Judge and Sheriff, he said:

"I think it might be well to change the names. The candidates may be Whigs, and all will be satisfied by it. Mr. Vance is not in this Convention, and went out of it, because he feared these two men would be nominated. He, with other Freesoiers, is opposed to candidates that Gen. Jones is in favor of. Gen. Jones had the announcement of Strong as a candidate made. General Jones, previous to the time of leaving Mt. Vernon, asserted that he would have Lewis Strong elected. He also asserted that he commanded 300 Whig votes, and would use them to defeat any man who ran against Strong."

And again:

"Esq. Cochran—There are some of us don't like the course of G. A. Jones & Co., and I move in this matter that the ticket may be changed at once, and Esquire Joseph S. Davis or Lewis Strong strike out. I move this be done."

"Esquire Cochran moved that the report be committed to the committee, with instructions to strike out the names of Joseph S. Davis or Lewis Strong, and repeated his objections."

Mr. Withrow, one of the editors of the Abolitionist, is reported as follows:

"Mr. Withrow thought the ticket should be changed by all means, and thought they had better strike off."

"Mr. Withrow said we should strive to preserve the best of good humors. I do feel that we should insult the people of this county by forming such a ticket as this. I am going to select the names of a candidate. Is he right now? Is he the best man that we can put into the field—the best man? We have 2000 Anti-Nebbraska votes in the field and I think it is not good policy to run Strong and Davis. I cannot say whether these men have been foisted upon this Convention by trading."

On the motion to reconsider the report of the committee to select the ticket, our beloved friend, Auditor Smith, is this report:

"Let the vote be taken. Don't believe any gambling will be tolerated. If I find out there has been any fraud to secure the nominations, I will not support them, if I am 'only.'"

We have given extracts sufficient to show that notwithstanding the earnest protests of the Freesoiers, the Whigs nominated all their men, and came off victorious in the contest. But will the Freesoiers be lashed into the support of the Jones and Norton ticket? Ah, that's the question, Mr. Speaker! As the blind man said, "we shall see."

Adding Insult to Injury.

Some of the candidates nominated by the Norton and Jones Convention, at Woodward Hall, are pretending to repudiate the "Fusion" movement, and say that they have nothing to do with Freesoiism and Abolitionism! They claim to be the People's Candidates!! The modesty of these men is only excused by their unadulterated impudence! Finding that the Freesoiers and Abolitionists won't submit to the outrageous treatment they have received at the hands of the Silver Greys, the latter are determined to add insult to injury, and disavow all connection with a "third party" men. The Norton and Jones Whigs, even go so far as to express regrets that they gave the Freesoiers the candidates for Coroner and Poor House Director!

The Hillsborough Daily Gazette has been discontinued. Daily papers will not pay in cities of the second class.

Temperance and Whiggery!

Last year, in order to carry their county ticket, the Whigs and Freesoiers professed to be the exclusive friends of the Temperance cause. The Democrats were denounced as "rum-suckers," and had all sorts of opprobrious epithets applied to them, by the men who, in 1840, made hard cider and whisky, the chief planks in their platform. But last year, a few of the old line Whigs in this county, would not join in the political temperance movement; and amongst these were Mr. Davis, the Norton and Jones candidate for Probate Judge—and Mr. Strong, the Norton and Jones candidate for Sheriff. The Home Visitor, a Temperance paper published in this place, thus alludes to Messrs. Davis and Strong:

"Without a favorable Probate Judge and a Temperance Sheriff, it does appear to us that it will be difficult to enforce a temperance law, if we should be so fortunate as to get one. Now, it is well known that Mr. Davis, candidate for Probate Judge, is a confirmed drunkard, and that Mr. Strong, candidate for Sheriff, is a confirmed drunkard. We think the Temperance people will require them to show some signs of repentance, before a united support can be given them."

That's the kind of talk, gentlemen! Would it not be advisable for Messrs. Davis and Strong to prove an ability, or, in other words, make it appear to the temperance men that it was other gentlemen of the same name who opposed the temperance ticket last year?

The Visitor might add, that if Mr. Fletcher Sapp did not withhold his support from the Temperance movement, like Judas he betrayed it. When the Temperance demonstration was first made, Fletcher Sapp joined the Sons of Temperance; but being convinced by Jones, Norton & Co., that he had committed a blunder, he sought to remedy the evil by raising a row in their "Social Order," and went about the streets, as we are informed, boasting that he "had made certain prominent temperance men squat, and that, too, in the presence of the ladies!" Nay, more—While Vance, Windom and Devin were out making open fight for the temperance cause, Fletcher was playing the "artful dodger"—carrying water on both shoulders—secretly meeting with the Sons of Temperance, and slyly hinting on the outside that the whole affair was a humbug—Vance, Windom and Devin all made temperance speeches, and all of them have been ruled out of political existence, while Davis, Strong and Sapp gave temperance and temperance men the cold shoulder, and they have been rewarded. Is this indicative of the temperance feeling in Knox county? We only ask for information.

Spirit of Know Nothingism.

All our readers have no doubt heard of Joseph R. Chandler, Esq., at present a Representative in Congress from the Second district in Pennsylvania, and formerly the distinguished editor of the old U. S. Gazette at Philadelphia. Mr. C. is a consistent Whig, a finely educated and most accomplished gentleman, and has been an able and influential Member of Congress. Politically and socially nothing can be said against him; but he is to be stricken down by the Know Nothing conspirators, and why? Not because he was born in Ireland or Germany; but simply for the reason that he chooses to worship his God, according to the doctrines of the Catholic church! That is the crime that is charged against him!

The Philadelphia Inquirer, an old and respectable Whig paper, thus alludes to the secret movements of the Know Nothings to defeat Mr. Chandler:

"If the voters out of doors could decide the matter, there would not be the slightest difficulty, for the preference of the Whigs of Philadelphia has been avowed in so many forms, that there can scarcely be a mistake upon the subject."

We learn by telegraph that Mr. Chandler has been thrown overboard and Job R. Tyson, a Know Nothing Whig nominated for Congress in the 2d district.

Hon. H. H. Johnson Renominated.

This gentleman, who represents the Congressional District composed of the counties of Ashland, Wayne, Medina and Lorain, has been nominated by the Democracy for re-election. Mr. J. voted against the repeal of the Missouri Compromise; and if there is a particle of honesty or consistency in the Whigs of that District, they will all support him. We do not expect anything of the kind, however. The Whigs make a great clamor about Nebraska—nominate Anti-Nebraska candidates for Congress, and Anti-Nebraska candidates for Coroner, merely for the purpose of getting themselves into power. That's the whole secret of the business! You don't find them voting for Anti-Nebraska Democrats; on the contrary, they expect Anti-Nebraska Democrats to vote for them! How very kind and cunning this is!

Oh, Whiggery, thy name is humbuggery!

Columbiana County.

The Democrats of Old Columbiana have nominated the following ticket:

For Auditor, Geo. S. Vallandigham; Probate Judge, John R. D. Conly; Clerk, Albert Armstrong; Recorder, Geo. S. Nace; Commissioner, Solomon Camp; Poor House Director, James Burbeck.

For Congress the vote stood: John M. Gilman 925, Zachariah Egan 394, Andrew Stuart 345. The ticket is composed of the counties of Jefferson, Columbiana, Harrison and Carroll. Mr. Stuart, of Jefferson, is the present member.

N. B. Since the above was written, we learn that Mr. Stuart was renominated on the 7th ballot.

Hon. M. HOGLAND.—This gentleman paid our town a visit yesterday. He is in good health and fine spirits. He says the Democracy of Little Holmes will not fail to do their duty manfully at the approaching election. Fusion has no breathing spot in that county—hence, Mr. DUNBAR, the Democratic nominee will receive an old fashioned majority of one thousand in Holmes, which will elect him by a handsome majority in the district.—Wayne County Democrat.

From various sources we have like encouraging news from Holmes county. No one pretends to place Mr. Dunbar's majority below 1000, in that Gibraltar of Democracy. The skies are certainly bright.

Appointments.

The following are the appointments made by the Methodist Episcopal Church, for the Mt. Vernon District, for 1854—55:

MT. VERNON DISTRICT.—T. H. WILSON, P. E. Mt. Vernon, 1st charge—H. E. Pilecher; do 2d charge—A. Harcourt; Utica—J. Mitchell, D. M. Conant; Martinsburg—A. S. Moffatt; East Union—N. S. Worden, N. J. Clemmons; Dresden—H. Safford; Roscoe—W. H. Taylor, J. A. Berger; New Comerstown—W. Boggs, E. Richmond; Keene—D. Lambert; Nashville—J. McNabb, E. Jones; Andover—J. Wolfe, A. Cochran; Frederic—J. S. Kaly, E. Hook.

Senator Douglass Mobbed in Chicago.

THE "FREE SPEECH" PARTY SUPPRESSING FREE DISCUSSION!

The home of Senator DUNBAR is Chicago, and strange as it may appear, the most bitter opponents he has in the United States reside there. He has been abused without stint, by the people of that city; burnt in effigy, and on Friday night, Sept. 1st, when he attempted to speak at the City Hall, he was outrageously mobbed, and actually driven from the stand by a gang of rowdies!

The report in the Chicago Times says, that in vain did the Mayor of the city appeal to the gang of Abolition rowdies to allow Mr. Douglass to go on with his speech—they refused to let him be heard. Judge Douglas, notwithstanding the uproar of these hirelings, proceeded at intervals. He told them he was not prepared for their conduct. He had a day or two since received a letter written by the secretary of an organization framed since his arrival in the city, for the purpose of preventing him from speaking. This organization required that he should leave the city or keep silent; and if he disregarded this notice the organization was pledged, at the sacrifice of life, to prevent his being heard.

He presented himself, he said, and challenged an armed gang to execute upon him their murderous pledge. The letter having been but imperfectly heard, its reading was asked by some of the orderly citizens present, but the mob refused to let it be read.

At length, at half-past 10 o'clock, yielding to the earnest appeals of his friends, Judge Douglas withdrew from the stand.

The Times adds: "We are confident that we speak the sentiment of every honorable and manly citizen of Chicago, of all shades of politics, when we say that the proceedings of last night were disgraceful in the extreme, and that their effect upon the character and honesty of the city abroad will be grievously felt."

This has the freedom of speech been crushed by the "Free Speech" party, in a northern city! If a southern Senator had received such outrageous treatment in New Orleans, Mobile, or Charleston, these Chicago Federalists and Abolitionists would have made the air ring with denunciations and lamentations. It matters not what the course of Senator Douglas may have been, during the last session of Congress, there is no excuse for him being assailed by a mob and silenced by brute force. Hotshots could not have acted worse. He was ready to "face his enemies, his accusers," and defend his course as an American Senator, but those who profess to be the special champions of "Free Speech," gagged him down! Oh, shame! where is thy blush!

Gen. Lindley Re-nominated.

In the Congressional district composed of the counties of Richland, Erie and Morrow, General William D. Lindley, the present member was nominated on the first ballot, by the Convention which assembled at Shelby, on the 2d inst. He will doubtless be re-elected by a triumphant majority. Gen. L. voted opposition to the Nebraska Bill, and yet the Fusion Whigs up there, who make a great outcry against that measure, are opposing him, and supporting John Sherman, an old line Henry Clay Whig! Such is a specimen of Whig consistency! The truth is, the Whigs don't care a pinch of snuff about Nebraska; but they hope by raising a crazy clamor against that measure to defeat the Democracy of Ohio. If Democrats are silly enough to be caught with Fusion gull-traps they deserve to endure all the evils incident to Whig misrule. We guess the Fusionists will be seen crawling out of the little end of the horn after the second Tuesday of October next.

Going to Kansas.

Three hundred freemen, from Massachusetts and New York, passed through Albany, a few days ago, on their way to Kansas; and from many other quarters we hear of like movements. Kansas and Nebraska are rapidly filling up with an enterprising, industrious class of men from the Northern States, who take with them all the implements of farming, as well as type and printing presses, to spread intelligence over the new territories. The Abolition fanatics don't like these movements of the people, as they clearly prove that all the stories in relation to Kansas and Nebraska going to be slaves States, are silly falsehoods, circulated for the sole purpose of keeping alive abolitionism and fanaticism.

Fusion Principles.—What Are They?

This Fusionists have shown, in the present campaign, eleven distinct "principles," viz:

1. Opposition to the right of self-government.

2. Opposition to the Democratic party.

3. Seven leaves.

4. Two fishes.

Perhaps the two first mentioned "principles" might, with safety, be included in the other nine. If the Fusionists have any other "principles," or stand upon any other "platform," we hope to be informed of the fact.

The German Papers.

There are two German papers published in this Congressional district, both of which are Democratic, and support our nominee for Congress, Wm. DUNBAR, Esq., both ally and enthusiastically. The names of these papers are, Der Deutscher in Holmes, published at Winesburg, Holmes county, and Der Deutsche in Ohio, published at Canal Dover, Tuscarawas county. We heartily recommend both of these papers to the patronage of our German friends in Knox county.—Terms of each \$1.50 per annum.

Belmont Congressional District.

D. H. Ware, Esq., of Monroe county, has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Congress, in the district composed of the counties of Belmont, Monroe, Guernsey, &c. The district is strongly Democratic, and is at present represented by the Hon. WILSON SHANNON, formerly Governor of Ohio. C. J. ALLEIGH, editor of the Guernsey Times, is the "Whig" candidate in the same district.

The proprietors of the Pittsburgh Gazette give notice that they intend to adopt the cash system in conducting their business, and that from and after the 1st of October, every subscriber who does not pay in advance, will find his name stricken from their books. This is the true system upon which to conduct the business of a newspaper; but we predict that the publishers of the Gazette will find it a very difficult matter to enforce the rule. The newspaper credit system is carried to a greater extent in Pittsburgh than any place we know of. The business men of that city pay promptly, but the politicians, as we happen to know, belong to the great society of Pay Nothings.

THE FATHER OF KNOW NOTHINGISM.

A BRIEF BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

The father, or founder of the secret political association called the Know Nothings, is E. Z. C. Judson, alias Ned Buntline, a writer, of libidinous flesh novels, and one of the most debased scoundrels alive. Judson, some years ago, started a magazine in Cincinnati, in connection with others, but, having swindled his associates, they got rid of him. He next turned up at Nashville, where he seduced a lady of respectability, named Porterfield; and when detected he murdered the lady's husband. The citizens of Nashville were so incensed at his infamous conduct, that they broke into jail, dragged Judson out, erected a gallows on the street and hung him up! The rope broke, however, before life was extinct, when he was pursued into a hotel, and he jumped from the third story window, breaking his limbs! Out of pity, his life was then saved, and he managed secretly to escape from the State. He was next heard of in New York, where he started a paper called "Ned Buntline's Own," filled with flash literature and obscenity. He there married a respectable young lady, who was ignorant of his infamous character. She refused to live with him, however, after becoming acquainted with his villainies. About this time he got up the Astor Place mob, (to drive Macready, an English tragedian, from the stage), which resulted in the massacre of a large number of citizens. He was indicted, found guilty, and sent to the Penitentiary for the part he took in this proceeding. After serving out his apprenticeship at Sing Sing he married a pretty Jewess, and afterwards abandoned her for another woman. A prosecution is now pending against him for seduction and bigamy!

This is a very brief outline of the character of "Ned Buntline," the founder of Know Nothingism! The association is worthy of the father, in all respects! An Order that seeks to disfranchise our adopted fellow-citizens—that practices perjury and commits arson, is a legitimate offspring of a seducer and murderer! Young men, beware how you enter into such a wicked association. It will lead to your ruin before you are aware of it.

People of Ohio, Read This!

Let every citizen of Ohio, especially every tax-payer, read the following article from the Chillicothe Advertiser. It will be seen that the Democratic Fund Commissioners and the Democratic Auditor of State paid off THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THE STATE DEBT, in six months ending the 1st of July last. Facts like this must be gratifying to every good citizen:

In passing through Columbus recently we took occasion to call upon Auditor Morgan, and in doing so we ascertained that the Fund Commissioners had paid off Three hundred thousand dollars of the State debt, in six months, ending on the first of July last. This is paying off the debt of Fifty Thousand Dollars per month—within a fraction of Eleven thousand Five Hundred and Thirty-eight and a half Dollars per week; and One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty Dollars per day. That is doing quite well. The Fund Commissioners are endeavoring to purchase all the State Bonds, and to the ownership of several large vessels in the English and American trade. In all these vocations he has distinguished himself as a man of great ability, and energy in business. And it may readily be inferred that a person of such multiplied experience in business must know how to make out the way for others—to tell them what to learn, and how to learn it. And I have no doubt he has supplied what will prove an invaluable text book for the commercial student, and which will remain equally valuable as an assisting manual to him when he becomes proficient."

I feel it my duty to state that I have written upon Book-keeping has had the advantage of such an extensive and varied experience in business. I have known him, personally, for upwards of twenty years; a good part of that time as an extensive American and European merchant, as an extensive shipowner, and as a bank director, &c., and in all these departments he has borne the reputation of the highest order of business talents. Everything said or written by such a person, on the subject of business, is of interest not only to young men designed for business, but for those already engaged in it. It is also due to Mr. Duff, to state that he is universally esteemed by all who have known him as a merchant, for his integrity, and his upright honorable dealings. JOHN W. BURNHAM.

Merchant, No. 8 South street, N. Y.

To Messrs. HARPER & BROTHERS.

These, and other similar letters, which we notice in the Circular, reveal the secret of the unexampled success of this Institution. It has become western head-quarters for acquiring a finished commercial education; and if we desired to learn the mercantile profession we would certainly go to a mercantile to learn it, in preference to any other teachers, whatever might be their attainments in minor matters. We would advise all interested to read this Circular and judge for themselves.—Pittsburgh Post.

Latest from Salt Lake.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 1.

The Salt Lake mail arrived at St. Louis this morning.

Peace has been established between the people of the city and all the Utahs.

Governor Young has concluded a treaty with all the Chiefs.

The health of the city is good. The rains have been more abundant than ever known, and there is a much larger quantity of land under a state of cultivation.

On the 13th of June a heavy storm of rain and hail spread over a greater portion of the Valley, which did considerable injury.

Grass is scarce, owing to the large amount of heavy rain, California, which is estimated at 450,000 head this season.

Four thousand persons have gone to Salt Lake this season.

Many complaints have been made of outrages by the Pawnee Indians.

A man named French, a wood teamster, was killed in broad day light, and seven thousand sheep were driven off.

The mail from Santa Fe was received on the 1st. It contained nothing of interest.

The crops in New Mexico are good.

The train experienced no trouble from the Indians. Buffaloes were numerous all over the plains.

The storm at Salt Lake did considerable injury to some of the wheat crops.

From the Lake to Green river, grass is scarce. A great number of horses, sheep, and mules are on the route. Seven thousand sheep were driven off in a body.

Dr. KEYSER'S ALKALINE DIGESTIVE FLUID—For sore stomach, flatulency, headache, is a remedy of unquestionable efficacy. So says the Doctor, and his agent is willing to let you try it, and buy the bottle back at full price, when it is half used, if the patient would rather have the money and the Dyspepsia than the medicine. For sale at Wm. B. Russell's.

Be United.

If ever there was a time, says a contemporary, in our political history for the Democracy to be united, that time has now come. An organization has been formed for the purpose of ousting out of office the representatives of Democracy, and filling their places with Whigs and Free Soilers. Principles are forgotten—party ties are severed—old personal animosities overlooked, and former grudges buried, in order to receive the spoils of office.

If it were for principle that this new party was formed, we might then suppose the object of the Fusionists was an honest one, but when it is done solely for the spoils of office—the "loaves and fishes"—we can look on it in no other light than a political humbug, a sectional clap-net, to deceive the people and draw them into a political snare, which.

Wins but to lure, And loses but to slay.

No informed Democrat will suffer himself to be "taken in" by this humbug, and when the time comes to test the question at the ballot-box, the vote will show that the people are not so easily duped as demagogues vainly imagine they are.

If we are united, we need have no apprehensions as to the result, for then victory is certain.

Cholera at Newark.

The terrible "scourge" still continues at Newark. From the report of the Board of Health, we learn that from the 30th of August to the 6th of September, there were twenty-one deaths in Newark, sixteen of which were from Cholera. The upper part of the Court House, on the Public Square, has been converted into a Hospital, which has created great dissatisfaction amongst the citizens, and it is not to be wondered at.

The Newark Times of Saturday, Sept. 9th, says: "It gives us heartfelt pleasure in being able to state that since the night of Tuesday Sept. 5, there have been no new cases of CHOLERA. The opinion prevails among us all now, that the scourge has about left us, and that with prudence and care, our town will soon be restored to its wonted good health. We understand from a member of the Board of Health, that there are probably fifteen or twenty old cases left—all convalescing and will in all probability recover."

Duff's Mercantile Cllege, Pittsburgh, Pa.

From the new circular of this time honored Institution we perceive that the unprecedented number of 426 students have entered during the last 16 months—a number probably never reached in the same time by any institution of the kind, east or west. Upwards of two hundred bankers, merchants and accountants (former students of the institution) have given their names to a testimonial of the superiority of the lectures. It will be seen from the following extracts (circular p. 11), that the principal was formerly a practical merchant of the highest respectability.

From B. Murry, merchant, 11 Front street New York, to Messrs. Harper & Brothers—an extract:

"I have known the author, Mr. Duff, from his youth—through all the grades of business, from a junior clerk up to a seat at the Board of Directors in the Bank, and to the ownership of several large vessels in the English and American trade. In all these vocations he has distinguished himself as a man of great ability, and energy in business. And it may readily be inferred that a person of such multiplied experience in business must know how to make out the way for others—to tell them what to learn, and how to learn it. And I have no doubt he has supplied what will prove an invaluable text book for the commercial student, and which will remain equally valuable as an assisting manual to him when he becomes proficient."

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